Year 1 and 2 Geography intent						
<u>Topic</u> Name:	Splendid skies	Bright Lights, Big City	<u>School days</u>	<u>Childhood</u>		
Lesson	3a- Weather Watcher	1b/4a- The United Kingdom	4c- Our locality	2a- Changes over time		
name and	3a- Extreme Weather	1b/4a- Fact Files	Draw or read a simple	Describe how a place or		
<u>curriculum</u> link-	Identify patterns in daily and seasonal weather.	Name and locate the four countries of the UK and their capital cities on a map, atlas or globe	picture map. 4d-Litter	geographical feature has changed over time		
Skill-		3b- Physical features of the United Kingdom	Describe how pollution and			
	4c- Aerial Views	Use basic geographical vocabulary to identify and describe physical	litter affect the local			
	Identify features and landmarks on an aerial	features, such as beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean,	environment and school			
	photograph or plan perspective.	river, soil, valley and vegetation.	grounds			
	3a- The Equator	3c- What is a City?				
	Locate hot and cold areas of the world in	3c- This is London				
	relation to the equator.	Identify the characteristics of a settlement.				
	2a- Locating the Poles	4d- Human features in the Locality				
	Identify the similarities and differences	Carry out fieldwork tasks to identify characteristics of the school				
	between two places.	grounds or locality				
		3a- Weather in the United Kingdom				
		Identify patterns in daily and seasonal weather.				
		<u> 3c- London Landmarks</u>				
		Identify the characteristics of a settlement.				
		<u>4c- Aerial Photographs</u>				
		Identify features and landmarks on an aerial photograph or plan				
		perspective.				
		<u>4b- Giving Directions</u>				
		<u>4b- Routes and locations</u>				
		Use simple directional and positional language to give directions,				
		describe the location of features and discuss where things are in				
		relation to each other.				
		<u>2a- Comparing Capital Cities</u>				
		Identify the similarities and differences between two places.				

National curriculum links.	(2) Place knowledge	(3) Human and physical geography	(4) Geographical skills and fieldwork
 Locational knowledge 1a- Name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans. 	2a- Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a	3a- Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles	4a- Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage.
1b -Name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas.	contrasting non-European country.	Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: 3b- Key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather.	4b- Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map.
		3c- Key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop.	4c- Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key.
			4d- Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment.